

CALCULUS: QUESTIONS 3
INTEGRATION WITH TWO VARIABLES

1. Find the following integrals

(a) $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 xy^2 dx dy$

(b) $\int_0^1 \int_0^x (x+y)^2 dy dx$

(c) $\iint_R xy dx dy$ where R is the region given by $0 \leq x$, $0 \leq y$ and $x+y \leq 1$.

(d) $\iint_R x+y dx dy$ where R is the region given by $0 \leq x \leq 2$, $0 \leq y \leq 2$ and $xy \leq 1$. [Hint you may find it easier to split your region of integration into smaller convenient areas.]

2. By changing the order of integration evaluate

$$\int_0^1 \int_{\tan^{-1} x}^{\pi/4} \frac{y^2}{\tan y} + \frac{x}{\sin y} dy dx$$

3. Sketch the region of integration in the x - y plane for the following integral

$$I_1 = \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^1 \sqrt{y} \sin(x\sqrt{y}) dy dx.$$

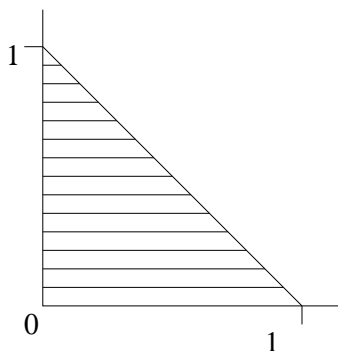
Change the order of integration, and hence evaluate the integral.

Solutions

1. (a) $1/6$

(b) $7/12$

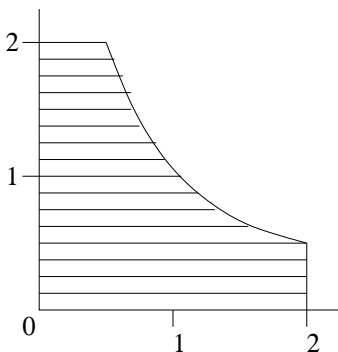
(c) Region of integration is



$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{1-y} xy \, dx \, dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x^2 y}{2} \right]_0^{1-y} dy = \int_0^1 \frac{(1-y)^2 y}{2} dy = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 y - 2y^2 + y^3 \, dy \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{2y^3}{3} + \frac{y^4}{4} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{24} \end{aligned}$$

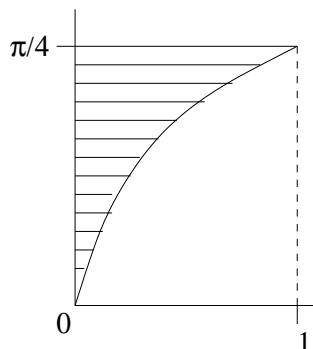
(d) Region of integration is

Split integration into two regions, say above and below line $y = 1/2$.



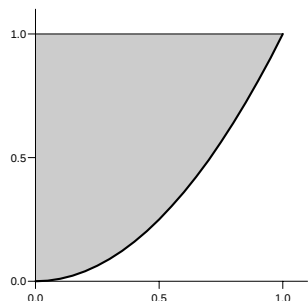
$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int \int_R x+y \, dx \, dy = \int_{1/2}^2 \int_0^{1/y} x+y \, dx \, dy + \int_0^{1/2} \int_0^2 x+y \, dx \, dy \\ &= \int_{1/2}^2 \left[\frac{x^2}{2} + xy \right]_0^{1/y} dy + \int_0^{1/2} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} + xy \right]_0^2 dy \\ &= \int_{1/2}^2 \frac{1}{2y^2} + 1 \, dy + \int_0^{1/2} 2 + 2y \, dy = \left[-\frac{1}{2y} + y \right]_{1/2}^2 + \left[2y + y^2 \right]_0^{1/2} = \frac{7}{2} \end{aligned}$$

2. Region of integration is



$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^{\tan y} \frac{y^2}{\tan y} + \frac{x}{\sin y} \, dx \, dy \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/4} \left[\frac{xy^2}{\tan y} + \frac{x^2}{2 \sin y} \right]_0^{\tan y} dy = \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{y^2 \tan y}{\tan y} + \frac{\tan^2 y}{2 \sin y} dy \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/4} y^2 + \frac{\sin y}{2 \cos^2 y} dy = \left[\frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{1}{2 \cos y} \right]_0^{\pi/4} = \frac{\pi^3}{192} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

3. Region of integration is



$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{y}} \sqrt{y} \sin(x\sqrt{y}) \, dx \, dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \left[-\cos(x\sqrt{y}) \right]_0^{\sqrt{y}} dy = \int_0^1 -\cos(y) + 1 \, dy \\ &= [-\sin(y) + y]_0^1 = 1 - \sin 1. \end{aligned}$$